

Intrastate funding formula

Oregon's Older Americans Act grant award and Oregon Project Independence appropriation are allocated to individual area agencies on aging based on a combination of a Base Amount formula, a Land Area formula, and a Population formula. OAA Sections 305(a)(2)(C) have been met, and criteria set forth in Sections 305(a)(2)(C)(i) and (ii) have been considered and factors weights in Oregon's funding formula are based upon the most current census data released.

The base amount formula allocates a predetermined amount to each area agency.

The land area formula allocates a percentage based on the agency's share of Oregon's total square mileage:

- 2.5 or 5% of Older Americans Act award after subtracting base amount
- 5% of Oregon Project Independence appropriation

The population formula bases an agency's percentage of the grant and allocation on the agency's share of four population factors of Oregon's total for each factor. The amount allocated based on population is the total amount less allocations for base amount and/or land area. The population factors are:

- a. population 60 years and older
- b. population 75 years and older
- c. minority population 65 years and older
- d. poverty population 65 years and older with incomes below 125% of federal poverty level
- e. population 70 years and older
- f. preventive health populations—75 years and older plus minority plus poverty —This is no longer in the law.

The method used to meet the needs for services in rural areas are percentages of the OAA allocation distribution is based upon each AAA share of Oregon's total square mileage. The land area formula is used in allocating Title III B, III E and VII funds. Each of Oregon's Type A AAA's are located in area defined as rural. OAA Administration funds are provided to each Type A as additional support for training opportunities. Funds are generally used for travel, lodging, meal per diem and training registration expenses. AAAs are expected to provide a match contribution for training expenses. Additionally Type A AAA's receive \$5,000 in Title XIX funds each biennium for outreach, information and assistance to older Oregonians who are likely eligible for Medicaid services.

Methods to meet the service needs of low-income minority older Oregonians begins with a calculation of minority and minority plus poverty for each AAA allocation. The number of minority older Oregonians was used in calculating the allocations for Title IIIB, IIIC, IIIE and VII. Minority plus poverty was the primary factor used in allocating Title IIID Preventive Health funds. Separate allocations are made for each of the seven Older Americans Act programs—supportive services, congregate meals, home delivered meals, family caregiver support, elder abuse prevention, preventive health, and Oregon Project Independence. The chart below demonstrates how the three formulas are used to allocate the available funds for the seven programs.

	Base Amount	Land Area	Population
Supportive Services	\$25,000	2.50%	a.-d.
Congregate Meals	Not Used	Not Used	a.-d.
Home Delivered Meals	Not Used	Not Used	a.-d.
Preventive Health *	\$1,500	Not Used	f.
Family Caregiver Support	Not Used	2.50%	c.-e.
Elder Abuse Prevention	\$500	2.50%	a.-d.
Oregon Project Independence	Not Used	5.00%	a.-d.

* Allocated only to AAAs which have at least one county identified as Medically Underserved.

Minimum Funding for Priority Services:

Access..... 18%
 Legal..... 3%
 In-Home.... 3%